



Thredbo Alpine Hotel, Thredbo Village

Development Application Assessment
DA 22/10263

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Glossary

Abbreviation	Definition
BCA	Building Code of Australia
BC Act	<i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i>
BC Regulation	<i>Biodiversity Conservation Regulation 2017</i>
BVM	Biodiversity Values Map
Consent	Development Consent
CPP	Community Participation Plan
Department	Department of Planning and Environment
EP&A Act	<i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i>
EP&A Regulation	<i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021</i>
EPBC Act	<i>Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999</i>
EPI	Environmental Planning Instrument
ESD	Ecologically Sustainable Development
KNP	Kosciuszko National Park
Minister	Minister for Planning
NPWS	National Parks & Wildlife Service
Planning Secretary	Secretary of the Department of Planning and Environment
RFS	NSW Rural Fire Service
SEPP	State Environmental Planning Policy

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1 Introduction

The application seeks approval for the external alterations to the existing tourist accommodation building on the site (**Figure 1**), Thredbo Alpine Hotel (TAH), comprising the replacement of existing windows and the external wall timber cladding.



Figure 1 | Location of site (highlighted) in context of other surrounding lodges (Source: Nearmap 2022)

The site is located on Lot 861 DP 1128686, Friday Drive in the Thredbo Village. The site is occupied by a large mixed-use building known as the TAH. The building is centrally located in Thredbo Village and contains a mix of hotel accommodation, bistro/pubs, food premises, retail premises, cafes, and a heritage museum.

Constructed in the early 1960's, the TAH is a heritage item representing one of the first commercial hotels in the Thredbo Village and a focal point of the Village. The TAH is bounded by the Village Square and Mowamba Place to the south, Valley Terminal, Thredbo River and ski slopes to the north and the Village Green to the west. The TAH has a licence for 152 beds under its lease.

The site is accessible via Friday Drive, Mowamba Place and the hotel's carpark. Pedestrian access is available via several entries, including the timber pedestrian bridge, staircase nearby the Thredbo Information Centre and the Village Square.

The Applicant comments that the purpose of the Application is to replace deteriorated and rotted native hardwood cladding which will improve the longevity of the TAH building whilst retaining the original

aesthetic design of the building. The Application will comprise the removal of existing native hardwood cladding and replacement with a like-for-like timber product, painted in 'Basalt' to match the existing colours.

As part of the works, some windows (i.e. broken or damaged) may require replacement if it is determined necessary upon removal of cladding and frames. Where this is required, new windows will comply with *Australian Standard 3959: Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone areas*.

Figure 2 below provides a depiction of part of the TAH illustrating existing cladding and windows to be replaced.



Figure 2 | Existing Hotel terrace area, with cladding and windows to be replaced illustrated on the side elevations (Source: Applicant's documentation)

The Applicant advises that the works would be carried out as follows: mobilisation of plant and machinery; erection of scaffolding; removal of existing cladding, including segregation of materials to be recycled and materials to be disposed of off-site; installation of new cladding; painting new cladding; and replacement of windows, trims and facia, where required (i.e. broken / damaged windows).

Supporting documents and supporting information to this assessment report can be found on the NSW Planning Portal website at:

<https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/development-assessment/state-significant-applications/projects/state-development-applications>

2 Matters for Consideration

2.1 Strategic Context

South East and Tableland Regional Plan 2036

The proposal is consistent with the Regional Plan as it as it would maintain the existing use of the site for tourist accommodation and improves the condition of the tourist accommodation building for its guests and visitors, which maintains visitation to the NSW ski resorts.

Snowy Mountains Special Activation Precinct Master Plan

The proposal is consistent with the Master Plan as it relates to maintaining visitor accommodation, while improving the external appearance of the building without impacting the environmental, cultural and landscape attributes of Thredbo Village.

Precincts - Regional SEPP

The proposal is consistent with Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP as the proposal would not have an adverse impact on the environment, as the proposal appropriately minimises the potential impacts by restricting works to the existing building footprint area.

2.2 Permissibility

The proposal includes external alterations to a building while maintaining the use of the site consistent with the definition of 'tourist accommodation' as defined in Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP. Pursuant to section 4.9 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP (in effect at the time of lodgement, as since amended), 'tourist accommodation' is permissible with consent within the Thredbo Alpine Resort.

2.3 Mandatory Matters for Consideration

Objects of the EP&A Act

Table 1 | Objects of the EP&A Act

Objects of the EP&A Act	Consideration
(a) to promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources,	<p>The proposal supports the ongoing use of the building through improving the existing structure.</p> <p>The construction impacts are maintained within the building's footprint, posing minimal impacts on biodiversity and the environment.</p>
(b) to facilitate ecologically sustainable development by integrating relevant	<p>The proposal would not have an unacceptable impact on the environment thus being ecologically sustainable development. Mitigation measures during</p>

economic, environmental and social considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment,	construction have been considered and rehabilitation of impacted areas is supported.
(c) to promote the orderly and economic use and development of land,	The development seeks approval for works that upgrade the buildings longevity and use of the site for 'tourist accommodation', thereby promoting the ongoing economic use of the land.
(d) to promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing,	Not applicable to this proposal.
(e) to protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats,	The impacts upon the environment have been limited where possible, with works relating to the replacement of existing windows and cladding on the external walls.
(f) to promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage),	The proposed development is not anticipated to result in any impacts upon built or cultural heritage, including Aboriginal cultural heritage.
(g) to promote good design and amenity of the built environment,	The Department considers that the proposal responds to its existing setting, built form and would not impact upon the natural environment.
(h) to promote the proper construction and maintenance of buildings, including the protection of the health and safety of their occupants,	The Department has recommended conditions of consent to ensure the construction of the proposal is undertaken in accordance with legislation, guidelines, policies and procedures (refer to Appendix A).
(i) to promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State,	The Department publicly exhibited the proposal (Section 3), which included consultation with government agencies and consideration of their responses.
(j) to provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and assessment.	The Department publicly exhibited the proposal (Section 3), which included notifying the neighbouring lodges, and displaying the application on the NSW Planning Portal website.

Considerations under section 4.15 of the EP&A Act

Table 2 | Section 4.15(1) Matters for Consideration

Section 4.15(1) Evaluation	Consideration
(a)(i) any environmental planning instrument (EPI)	<p>The Precincts - Regional SEPP is the principal EPI which applies to the site for this type of development. An assessment against the requirements of Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP is provided below.</p> <p>The Department is satisfied that the Application is consistent with the requirements of Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP.</p>
(a)(ii) any proposed instrument	Not applicable to the proposal.
(a)(iii) any development control plan	Not applicable to the proposal.
(a)(iiia) any planning agreement	Not applicable to the proposal.
(a)(iv) the regulations	<p>The application satisfactorily meets the relevant requirements of the EP&A Regulation, particularly the procedures relating to development applications (Part 3 and Part 4) and fees (Part 13 and Schedule 4).</p> <p>The Department has undertaken its assessment in accordance with all relevant matters as prescribed by the regulations, the findings of which are contained within this report.</p>
(a)(v) any coastal zone management plan	Not applicable to the proposal.
(b) the likely impacts of that development	The Department has considered the likely impacts of the development, with no native vegetation impacts likely to occur as a result of the proposal. The proposal is considered to have positive economic and social impacts.
(c) the suitability of the site for the development,	The site is suitable for the development and supports the ongoing use of the building.
(d) any submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations,	Consideration has been given to agency discussions during the assessment of the application. See Section 3 of this report.

(e) the public interest.

The works are consistent with the aim and objectives of Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP. The development is compatible with adjoining land uses of the locality and would not have an adverse impact on the environment. The proposal is consistent with the principles of ESD.

As such, the proposal is believed to be in the public interest.

Environmental Planning Instruments

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Regional) 2021 (Precincts - Regional SEPP) is the principal EPI applicable to the development. Consideration of Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP (in effect at the time of lodgement, as since amended) is provided below:

Table 3 | Chapter 4 considerations

Section 4.12(1) - Matters to be considered by consent authority

(a) the aim and objectives of this policy, as set out in section 4.1

The proposal is consistent with the aim and objectives of Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP in that it is consistent with the principles of ESD and supports the ongoing use of the site for 'tourist accommodation'.

(b) the conservation of the natural environment and any measures to mitigate environmental hazards (including geotechnical hazards, bush fires and flooding),

The proposal is appropriate as it allows alterations to an existing building, while having an acceptable impact on the environment.

The land is not subject to flooding. The site is identified as bushfire prone land and relates to a Special Fire Protection Purpose, and a BFSa has been issued by the RFS. The land is identified as being in an area of geotechnical sensitivity, with geotechnical considerations discussed below.

Natural hazards have been adequately addressed.

(c) the cumulative impacts of development on existing transport, effluent management systems, waste disposal facilities or transfer facilities, and existing water supply,

No adverse cumulative impacts are anticipated as the proposal will not result in any changes to existing transport, effluent management systems, waste disposal facilities, transfer facilities or water supply.

(d) any statement of environmental effects,	The SEE and supporting information supplied are considered adequate to enable a proper assessment of the works.
(e) the character of the alpine resort,	The proposal would not adversely alter the character of the resort.
(f) the Geotechnical Policy – Kosciuszko Alpine Resorts,	<p>The site is within the G zone identified on the Department's Geotechnical Policy – Kosciuszko Alpine Resorts Thredbo Village Map.</p> <p>The Applicant comments that the Application does not require any geotechnical investigation as no ground disturbance is proposed.</p> <p>The Department has reviewed the proposed works and considers that the replacement of the existing cladding and windows with like for like materials would not impact upon the existing load bearing capacity of the building.</p> <p>The Department raises no concerns with the proposal.</p>
(g) any sedimentation and erosion control measures,	No adverse impacts are expected due to the works being on the façade of the building.
(h) any stormwater drainage works proposed,	No negative impacts to stormwater or drainage are anticipated due to the nature of the proposed works.
(i) any visual impact of the proposed development, particularly when viewed from the Main Range,	The proposal will not result in an unacceptable visual impact as the new works would replace the existing deteriorated materials with like for like materials and colours.
(j) any significant increase in activities, outside of the ski season,	The proposal does not result in an increase in activities outside the ski season.
(k) if the development involves the installation of ski lifting facilities,	The proposal does not involve the installation of any new ski lifting facilities.
(l) if the development is proposed to be carried out in Perisher Range Alpine Resort: the document entitled Perisher Range Resorts Master Plan (PRRMP) and the document entitled Perisher Blue Ski Slope Master Plan,	Not applicable to proposal, with the site being located in Thredbo Alpine Resort.

(m) if the development is proposed to be carried out on land in a riparian corridor. The site is not within a riparian corridor.

Section 4.13 – Additional matters to be considered for buildings

Building Height	The proposed works do not increase the height of the existing building.
Building Setback	The proposed works do not reduce existing setbacks.
Landscaped Area	The proposal does not negatively impact existing native vegetation and therefore is appropriate.

Section 4.15 – applications referred to the National Parks and Wildlife Service

The proposal was referred to the NPWS pursuant to section 4.15 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP. Refer to comments received at **Section 5** and as required, discussions on the proposal at **Section 3**.

Section 4.24 – Heritage conservation

European heritage	The proposal is not considered to adversely impact the heritage significance of the building, see discussion in Section 4 of this report.
Aboriginal heritage	The NPWS raised no concerns, however recommended that should any Aboriginal objects be uncovered during construction, any works impacting the objects must cease immediately and the NPWS contacted for assessment of the site.

Ecologically Sustainable Development (ESD)

The EP&A Act adopts the definition of ESD found in the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*. ESD initiatives and sustainability have been adequately considered by the Applicant and mitigation measures are proposed to be incorporated into the design.

The proposal is consistent with ESD principles and the Department is satisfied the proposed change of use to a bedroom and associated minor works have been developed having regard to ESD principles, in accordance with the objects of the EP&A Act as follows:

- the proposal is not expected to adversely impact upon the health, diversity, or productivity of the environment for future generations
- the Applicant has recognised the value of the environment and restricted works to the existing building facade, with minimal vegetation management required to meet the NSW RFS requirements for an IPA area for the allotment only

- the proposal does not impact upon cultural heritage, including Aboriginal cultural heritage

Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016

Section 1.7 of the EP&A Act requires the application of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act) in connection with the terrestrial environment. The BC Act introduced a Biodiversity Offsets Scheme (BOS) that applies when:

- the amount of native vegetation being cleared exceeds a certain threshold area; or
- the impacts occur within an area mapped on the Biodiversity Values Map (BVM) published by the Minister for Environment; or
- the 'test of significance', in section 7.3 of the BC Act, identifies that the development or activity is likely to significantly effect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats; or
- the works are carried out in a declared area of outstanding biodiversity value.

The site is predominantly managed land, with the existing TAH and car parking area being approximately 90% of the site area. The remaining area contains maintained landscape gardens, managed lawns and scattering of Snowgums (mainly around the car park edge). Any management of vegetation would be minimal, possibly the trimming or removal of vegetation on a case by case basis. This management would not trigger the threshold requirement for the site of 0.25 ha.

The Department has reviewed the mapping and considers the site to be located outside of the BVM.

The Department has formed the view that given the proposed works are only to the existing building footprint and that only potentially trimming of vegetation is likely, the proposal will not a significant effect on threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.

The Department notes that there is currently no declared area of outstanding biodiversity value within KNP.

2.4 Other approvals

Rural Fires Act 1997

As the works include external alterations to a tourist accommodation building located on bushfire prone land, an approval is required from the NSW Rural Fire Service (RFS) under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997* in the form of a Bush Fire Safety Authority. Refer to **Section 3** for further discussion on this component.

3 Submissions

3.1 Department's engagement

The Department's Community Participation Plan, November 2019, prepared in accordance with Schedule 1 of the EP&A Act generally requires applications to be exhibited for a period of fourteen (14) days. However, applications under Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP are not required to be public exhibited if the proposal relates to works which are wholly internal to a building or where the site is located more than fifty (50) metres away from a tourist accommodation building.

As part of the works include external alterations to an existing tourist accommodation building within 50 metres of other tourist accommodation buildings, the Department exhibited the application between 17 August 2022 until 30 August 2022 on the NSW Planning Portal website.

The application was exhibited to nearby lodges and forwarded to the NSW Rural Fire Service (RFS) pursuant to section 4.46 of the EP&A Act (integrated development) as a Bush Fire Safety Authority under the *Rural Fires Act 1997* is required for the development to be carried out.

The application was also referred to the NPWS pursuant to section 4.15 of Chapter 4 of the Precincts – Regional SEPP.

3.2 Summary of submissions

During the exhibition period, the Department received comments from the NPWS and RFS. No public submissions were received.

NPWS

The NPWS did not object to the proposal and provided comments and recommended conditions on leasing and the KNP Plan of Management, BC Act, protection of native vegetation fauna and fauna habitats, and on Aboriginal cultural heritage. NPWS commented that the works do not propose vegetation clearance, and no asset protection zone is required, e.g. to meet NSW Rural Fire Service requirements for the works. If this understanding is incorrect then further consultation with NPWS is requested.

The Applicant's bushfire consultant considers that an APZ is currently being provided for the site. The Department notes that no APZ plan has been provided during the assessment of the application and following additional discussions with NPWS (after receipt of the RFS comments), NPWS advised that the Applicant should contact the NPWS Environment Liaison Officer prior to any vegetation being trimmed or removed to meet the IPA requirements of the RFS.

NPWS also commented that the site is identified as an individual heritage item in Schedule 3 of the SEPP. NPWS concurred with the submitted Heritage Report from GBA Heritage (2022) that the works, as proposed, will not impact or undermine the heritage values of the building or its surrounds.

RFS

The RFS did not object to the proposal and has issued a Bush Fire Safety Authority (BFSA) under section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*, that includes, but is not limited to:

- that all land within the subject leasehold site be managed as an IPA
- that all proposed external alterations to the existing building identified as repair and replacement works shall:
 - not comprise the making of, or an alteration to the size of, any opening in a wall or roof, such as a doorway, window or skylight;
 - be adequately sealed or protected to prevent the entry of embers; and
 - use equivalent or improved fire-resistant materials that do not affect any existing fire resisting components of the building
- the existing building is to be upgraded, where practical, to improve ember protection (if not already constructed to the Bushfire Attack Level under Australian Standard AS 3959)

In order to address the RFS requirements, a condition is recommended for the Applicant to submit to the Certifier details of proposed ember upgrade requirement and any vegetation management endorsed by NPWS.

4 Assessment

The Department has considered the relevant matters for consideration under section 4.15 of the EP&A Act, the SEE and supporting information in its assessment of the proposal. The key issues in the Department's assessment are:

- heritage value of building
- design details and standards
- managing construction impacts

Each of these issues is discussed in the following sections of this report.

4.1 Heritage value of building

The TAH was constructed over the summer of 1961-62 and represents the earliest major commercial tourist accommodation in the village. The TAH has undergone significant alterations and expansions since that time mainly in the mid-1980s when a fire safety upgrade, bistro renovation, and a new conference centre were completed, and again in the mid-1990s when the resort information centre was added.

The Applicant's consultant, GBA Heritage (2022) comments that the proposed alterations to TAH will have no adverse impact on the heritage significance of the adjacent properties Crackenback, Moonbah, Sastrugi, De Dacha, or the KNP and Australian Alps National Parks and Reserves. The removal of some original fabric is considered acceptable given that the proposal sympathetically replaces the existing fabric with new to match the existing in terms of profile, material, colour and finishes. The existing cladding has deteriorated and rotted (**Figure 3**); its replacement will allow for the longevity of the building whilst retaining the original aesthetic design of the building.



Figure 3 | Example of deteriorated cladding on the TAH (Source: Applicant's documentation)

The TAH is a heritage item under the Precincts – Regional SEPP and has aesthetic and social heritage values (based on the Thredbo Alpine Village Draft Conservation Plan):

- Aesthetic – TAH is an item which has a strong ‘Alpine’ influence in its architectural style, is a notable landmark within the village, and contributes to the townscape qualities.
- Social – TAH is an item which is likely to be held in high regard by the first generation of ski enthusiasts that used the village.

As stated above concurred with the submitted Heritage Report from GBA Heritage that the works, as proposed, will not impact or undermine the heritage values of the building or its surrounds.

The Department agrees with the assessment by the Applicant’s consultant and NPWS in that the works would not negatively impact on the heritage values of the TAH.

4.2 Design details and standards

The proposed works, when constructed, are to comply with the Building Code of Australia (BCA) and relevant Australian Standards. The Department has also considered whether any upgrades to the building are required as part of its assessment in accordance with section 64 of the EP&A Regulation 2021, as in force at the time of this assessment. The Department notes that compliance with relevant requirements is to be determined at the construction certificate stage by the certifier and in accordance with conditions of consent.

- All new work (or work as part of the DA) must comply with the BCA. The Department considers that compliance with the BCA is achievable, with documentation confirming compliance required to be provided at the Construction Certificate stage.

The Department questioned whether the timber cladding could be installed on the building. The Applicant has indicated that the use of timber cladding on the building is possible even though it doesn’t comply with the deemed to satisfy provisions of the BCA. Instead the Applicant’s consultant has advised that the installation can be undertaken in accordance with a fire engineered Performance Solution report which demonstrates compliance with the relevant Performance Requirements of the BCA.

Details of proposed Performance Solution would be submitted with the application for the Construction Certificate.

- Compliance with the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (DDA)*, and therefore the Access to Premises Standards prepared under the DDA, is triggered at Construction Certificate stage. Ensuring compliance with the DDA is the responsibility of the building owner, manager and certifier. The Department has recommended an Advisory Note to ensure the building owner, manager and certifier are aware of the obligations.
- Section 64 of the EP&A Regulation 2021 requires a consent authority to review a building and consider whether upgrades are warranted to bring the existing building into total or partial compliance with the BCA. The building is considered to be satisfactory in terms of BCA compliance and fire safety measures within the building are being tested (as illustrated in the Annual Fire Safety Statement). It is also noted that the building includes a fire sprinkler system across all floors for protection and that an existing Fire

Safety Upgrade Order issued on 20 February 2019 is also being undertaken. No additional upgrades are recommended as a result of the proposed works to the building.

- In relation to bushfire prevention measures, the BCA requires construction to comply with the BFSA issued by the RFS. The BFSA is incorporated into the conditions of the consent and compliance must be verified at the construction and occupation certificate stages.

The BFSA requires that:

- that all proposed external alterations to the existing building identified as repair and replacement works shall: not comprise the making of, or an alteration to the size of, any opening in a wall or roof, such as a doorway, window or skylight; be adequately sealed or protected to prevent the entry of embers; and use equivalent or improved fire-resistant materials that do not affect any existing fire resisting components of the building.
- The existing buildings are required to be upgraded where practical to improve ember protection (if not already constructed to the relevant Bushfire Attack Level under Australian Standard AS3959). Improved ember protection can be achieved by undertaking some, or all of the following: enclosing all openings (excluding roof tile spaces) or covering openings with a non-corrosive metal screen mesh with a maximum aperture of 2mm. Where applicable, this includes any subfloor areas, openable windows, vents, weep holes and eaves. External doors are to be fitted with draft excluders. Details of proposed upgrades to improve ember protection shall be submitted with the application for the Construction Certificate.
- Any new construction that does not generally meet the criteria of Condition 3 must comply with Sections 3 and 5 (BAL 12.5) Australian Standard AS3959-2018 *Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone areas* or the relevant requirements of the *NASH Standard - Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas* (incorporating amendment A - 2015). New construction must also comply with the construction requirements in Section 7.5 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.

Details of proposed compliance with the BFSA, including upgrades to improve ember protection shall be submitted with the application for the Construction Certificate. The Department has recommended a BFSA compliance condition to be submitted to the Certifier.

- Ensuring the proposal meets snow and wind loading requirements is a key consideration of the Department's assessment in the NSW Alpine environment. With adverse weather conditions at times, the fixing of the new structures to the existing building needs to be constructed appropriately. The Department has recommended that structural certification be provided prior to the issue of an occupation certificate for the works.

The Department concludes that subject to compliance with the conditions of consent, including references to the BCA which are to be addressed by the Certifier at the Construction Certificate stage, the proposal is satisfactory and would improve the amenity of the building for its occupants.

4.3 Managing construction impacts

Given the scope of the works and that the site is predominantly previously disturbed, it is unlikely that the construction of the proposal will cause any adverse impact upon the natural environment. The proposal is

in keeping with the use of the building for tourist accommodation and the construction activities will not generate any vegetation disturbance.

Parking is available at the site during construction, and all construction activities will be required to be contained on the site. The NPWS commented that all vehicles must be parked in existing driveways or carpark areas and that all stockpile sites, including materials storage areas, parking and waste management receptors (e.g., skip bins) must be placed so as not to impact on native vegetation. All waste management receptors must also be covered daily, or be emptied or removed from site each day, to ensure that waste cannot blow away or be disturbed by scavenging fauna.

Construction impacts such as noise and vibration will be short term and managed in accordance with standard environmental conditions. The Applicant will be required to implement the submitted Site Environmental Management Plan that includes details outlining waste management, dust and noise minimisation strategies as well as material storage, to be implemented during the works. It is also noted that construction is to occur outside the ski season.

The Department has recommended standard construction conditions applied in the Alpine area, along with recommended conditions from NPWS and RFS. Subject to compliance with these conditions, the Department is of the view that the proposed works would not impact upon nearby buildings or the environment.

5 Recommendation

The Department has assessed the merits of the proposal in accordance with the relevant requirements of the EP&A Act. The Department's assessment concludes the proposal is acceptable as:

- there will be no impact on any threatened species, populations or ecological communities
- the replacement of cladding and windows as required will improve the external appearance and longevity of the building, which has declined in parts with deteriorated cladding visible
- the proposal is appropriate and does not impact upon any other nearby properties
- construction impacts on the surrounding environment would be minimised as the proposal will be contained within the existing building footprint and disturbed areas.

Overall, the Department is satisfied that the proposal is suitable for the site and in the public interest.

The Department therefore recommends that the application be approved, subject to recommended conditions. In accordance with the Minister's delegation of 9 March 2022, the Team Leader, Alpine Resorts Team may determine the application as:

- no reportable political donation has been disclosed
- there are less than 15 public submissions in the nature of objections
- the application is in relation to land to which Chapter 4 of the Precincts - Regional SEPP applies

It is recommended that the Team Leader, Alpine Resorts Team, as delegate of the Minister for Planning:

- **considers** the findings and recommendations of this report
- **accepts** and adopts all of the findings and recommendations in this report as the reasons for making the decision to grant consent to the application
- **agrees** with the key reasons for approval listed in the notice of decision
- **grants** consent for the application in respect of DA 22/10263, subject to the recommended conditions
- **signs** the attached Development Consent (**Appendix C**)

Recommended by:



Mark Brown
Senior Planner
Alpine Resorts Team

Adopted by:



26/4/2023

Daniel James
Team Leader
Alpine Resorts Team

as delegate of the Minister for Planning

Appendices

Appendix A – Recommended Instrument of Consent